## Contents

	knowledgements 6F Reproduc
re	eface
١.	Introduction
	1.1 Human rights
	1.2 Human rights treaties
	1.3 Treaty monitoring bodies and mechanisms
	1.4 Relevance of treaty monitoring to WHO's work
2.	The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
	2.1 A short history
	2.2 How the CEDAW protects and promotes the right to
	non-discrimination in women's health
	2.3 Governments' obligations regarding health-related rights
	2.4 Importance of a multisectoral approach
	2.5 Relevance of States Parties' reservations
3.	Monitoring implementation of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
	3.1 The CEDAW Committee
	3.1.1 Monitoring
	3.1.2 Normative function: General Recommendations
	3.1.3 The CEDAW Optional Protocol
	3.2 Potential role of WHO in monitoring the implementation of the CEDAW
	3.2.1 Relevance to WHO's work
	3.2.2 Reporting and WHO's potential role at each step
	3.2.3 Examples of good practice in monitoring the treaty
1.	Conclusion
n -	11 (1800)
	eferences.
	nnex 1. Health questionnaire for WHO Headquarters and regional and
	untry offices and for United Nations country teams for use in preparation
of	technical contributions and reports to the CEDAW Committee
	nnex 2. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination
	nnex 3. General Recommendation No. 24 (20th session, 1999), Article 12, omen and health
	nnex 4. Status of ratification of the Convention on Elimination of All Forms  Discrimination against Women
U	Distrimitation against Women